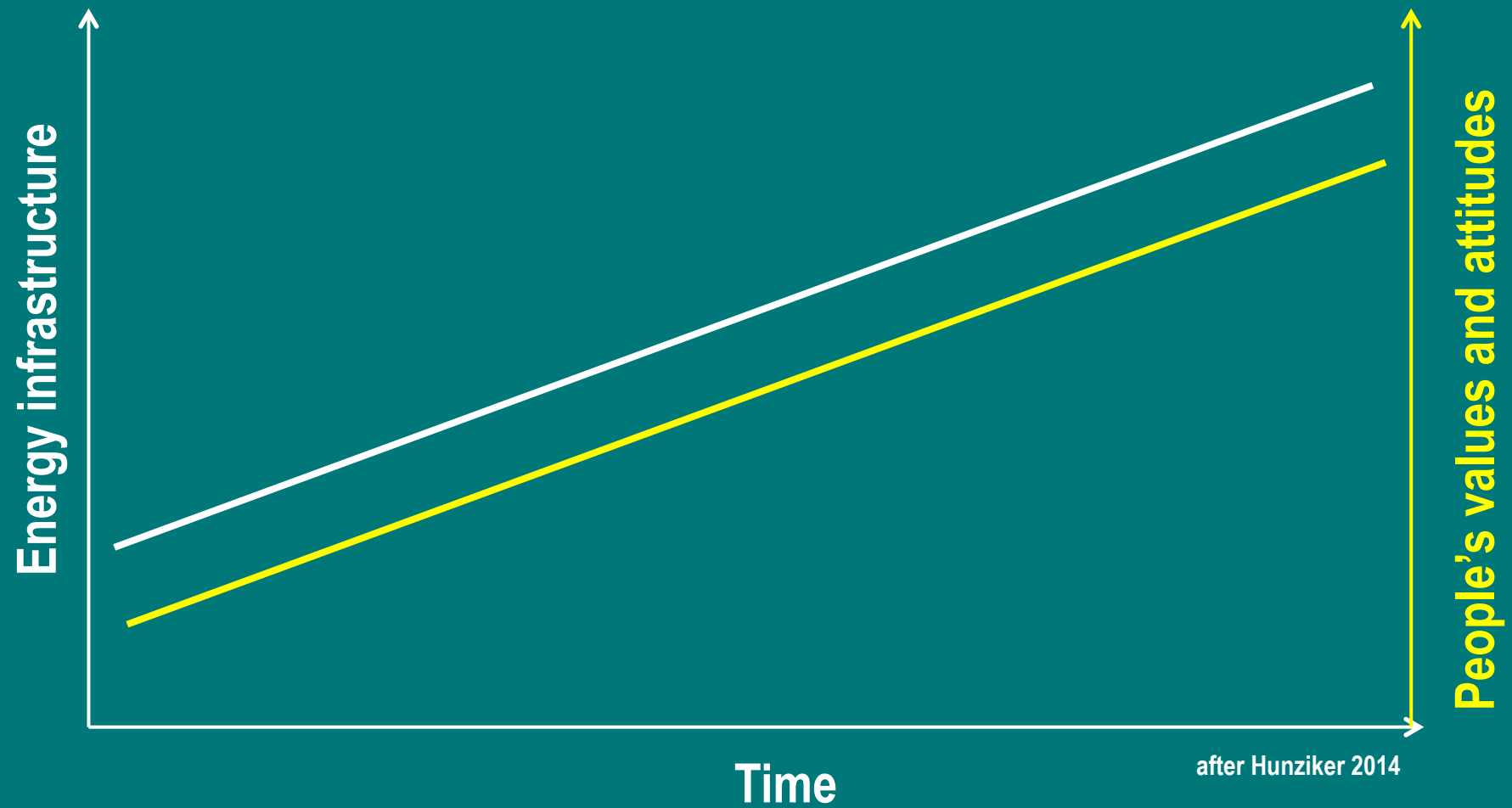


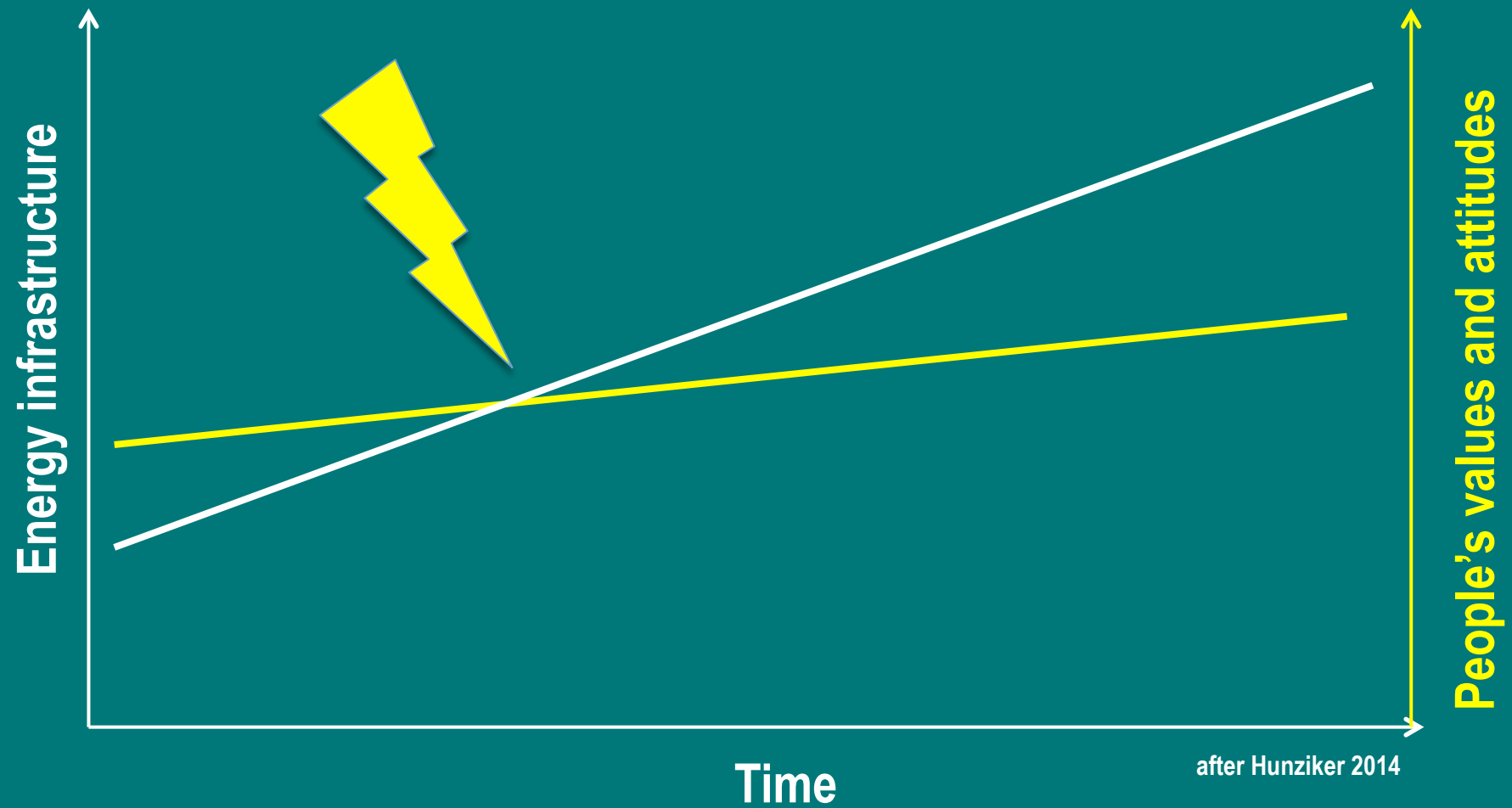
Modeling landscape-related conflicts of renewable energy in Switzerland

- **Felix Kienast**, Marcel Hunziker, Boris Salak, Anna Hersperger, Swiss Federal Institute for Forest, Snow and Landscape Research WSL, Birmensdorf, Switzerland
- Thomas Egli, Ulrike Wissen, Reto Spielhofer, Nica Huber, Victor Schinazi, Tyler Thrash, Adrienne Grêt-Regamey, ETH Zurich, Switzerland

Perceptions and meanings...



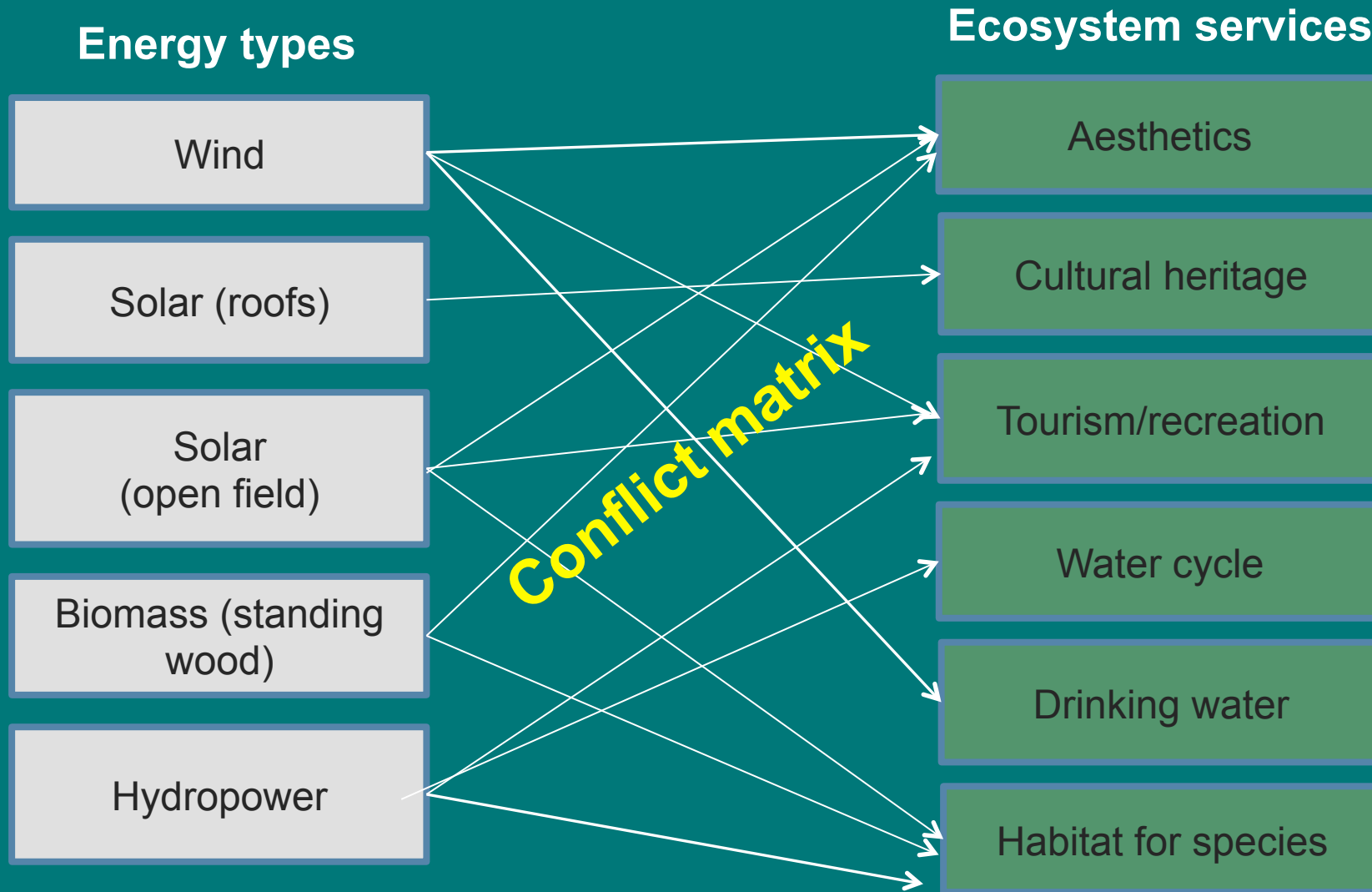
Perceptions and meanings...



Topics covered

- Anticipating spatial land-use conflicts
- Using optimization software to pre-select sites with highest energy output at lowest environmental costs
- Improving the fit of renewable energy projects with virtual visual-acoustic simulations (running project)

Anticipating conflicts using the EGS paradigm



after Kienast et al., 2017

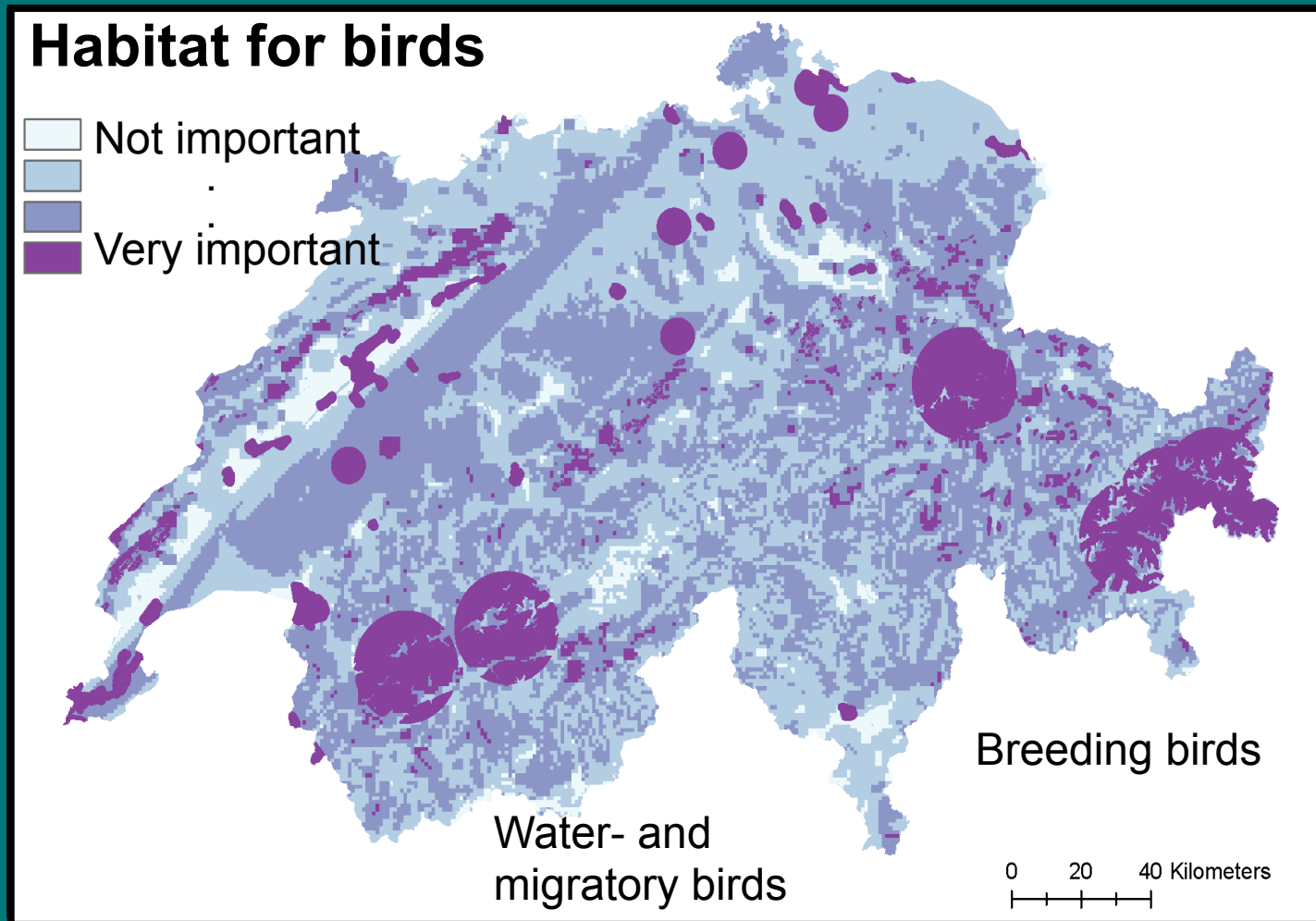
Legal constraints

- Physical
- National inventories (binding)
- National inventories (negotiable)
- Distance to settlement
- Accessibility
- Military use
- Cantonal protection
- Sites in forests excluded



after Kienast et al., 2017

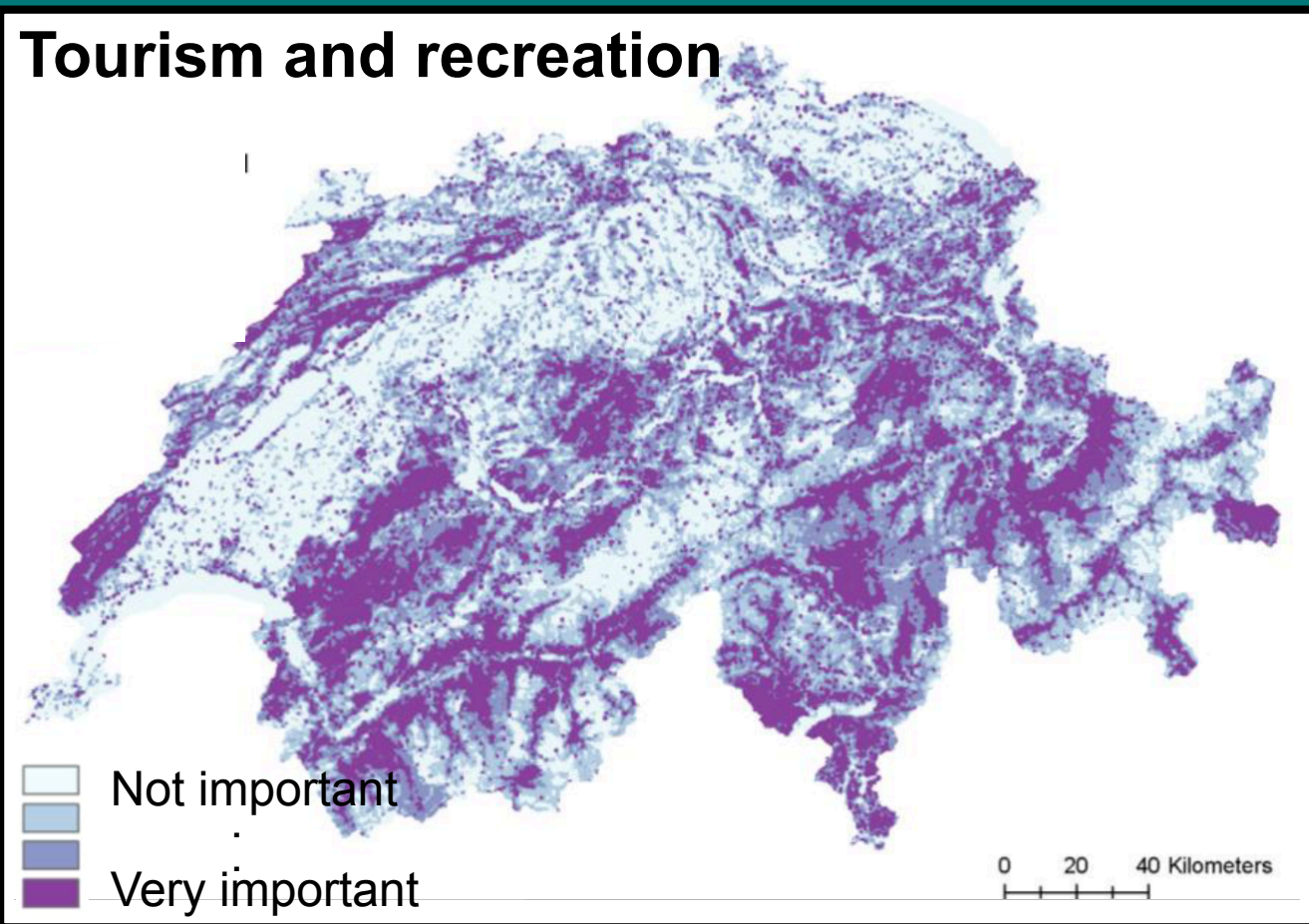
Service map “Habitat protection”



after Kienast et al., 2017

Service map “Physical and experiential interaction”

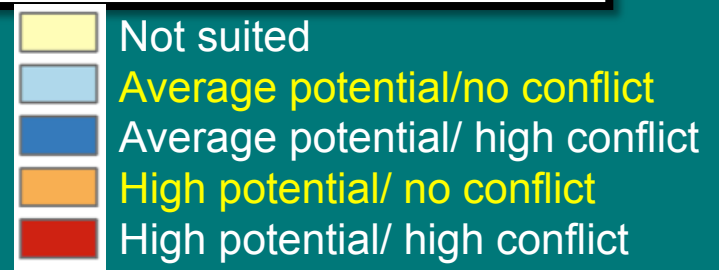
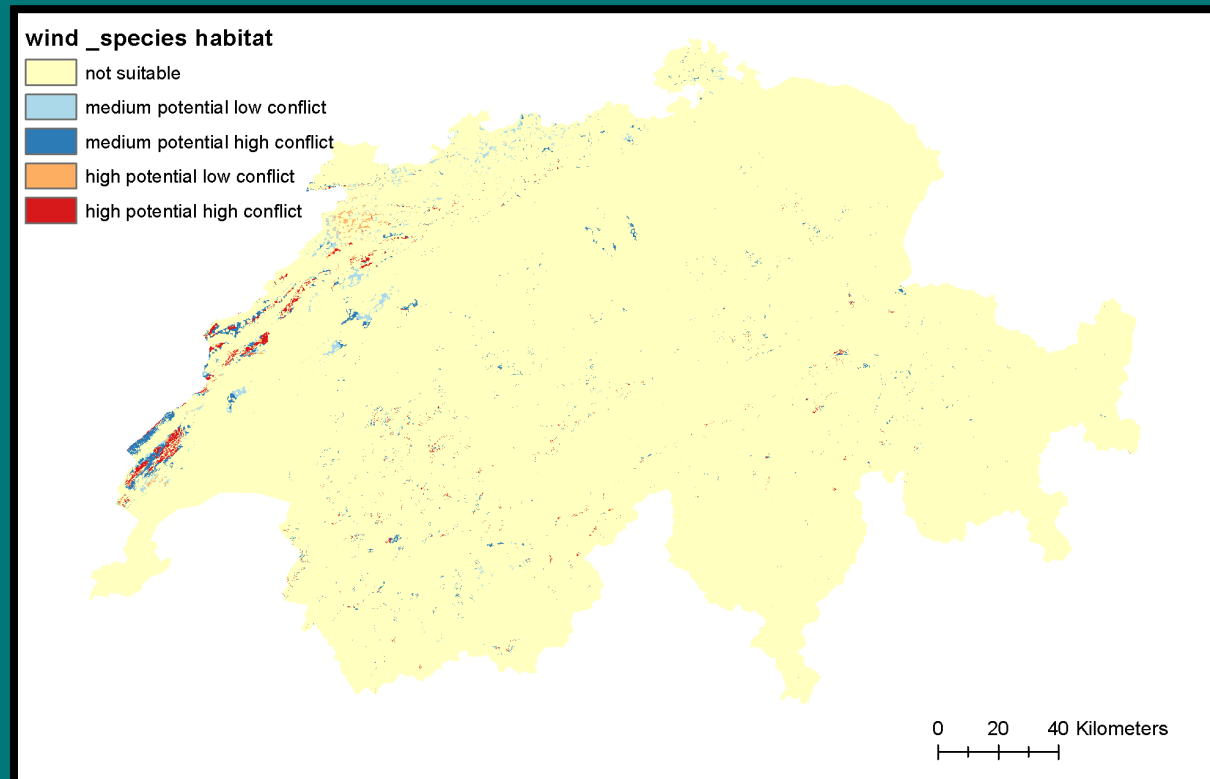
Tourism and recreation



after Kienast et al., 2017

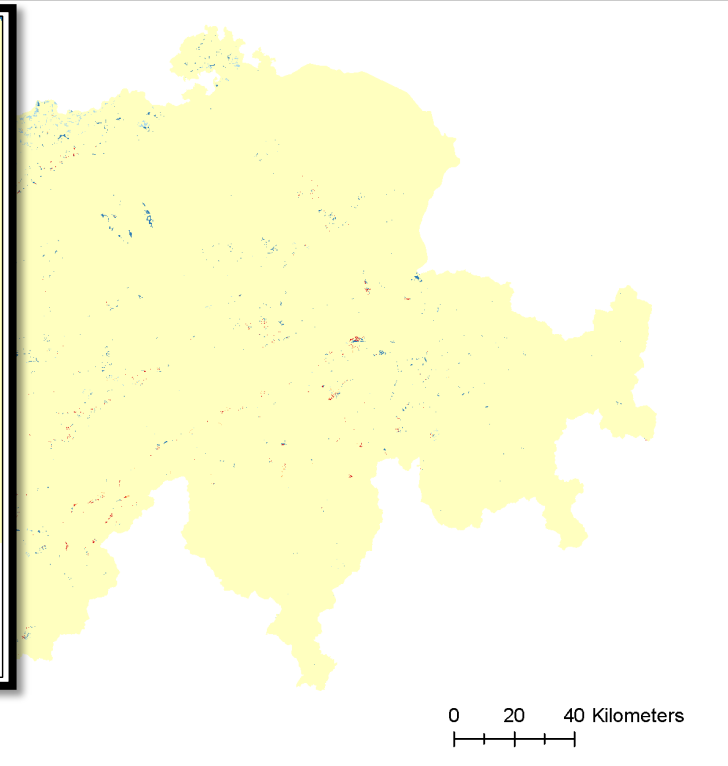
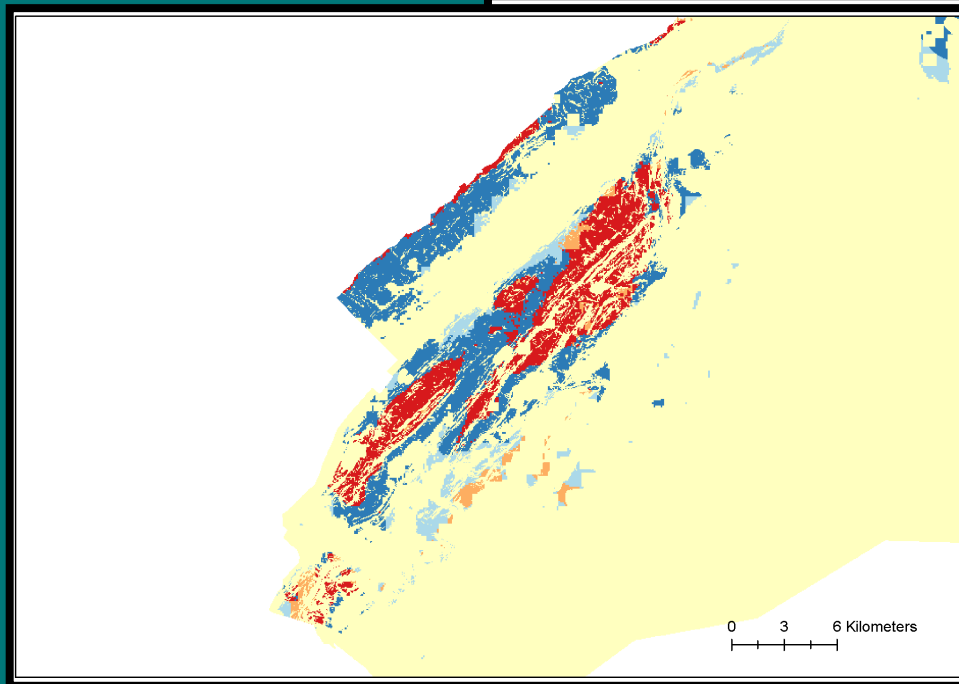
Conflict maps wind

(e.g. wind with habitats for birds)

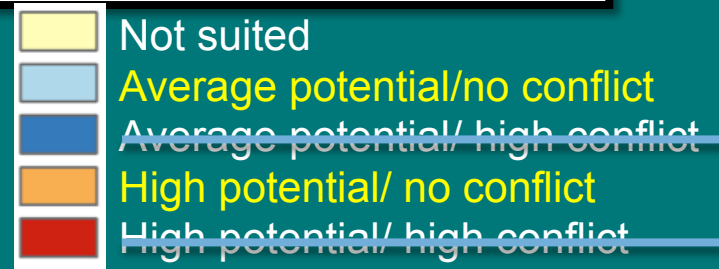


after Kienast et al., 2017

Conflict maps wind



after Kienast et al., 2017

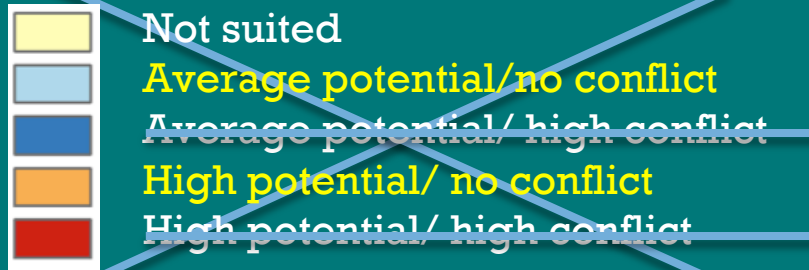


“Low-conflict” energy ~ phasing out of nuclear (25TWh/year)

	TWh/year
◆ Solar roof:	+ 7.5 _{+new urban areas}
◆ Solar open land:	(+ 18) → + 1
◆ Solar openland on “trash land”	+ 8
◆ Wind:	+ 5.1
◆ Wood biomass	+ 3.5-5.3
◆ Water power:	+ 3 (currently 36)
◆ Geothermal, waste disposal	+ ?

after Kienast et al., 2017

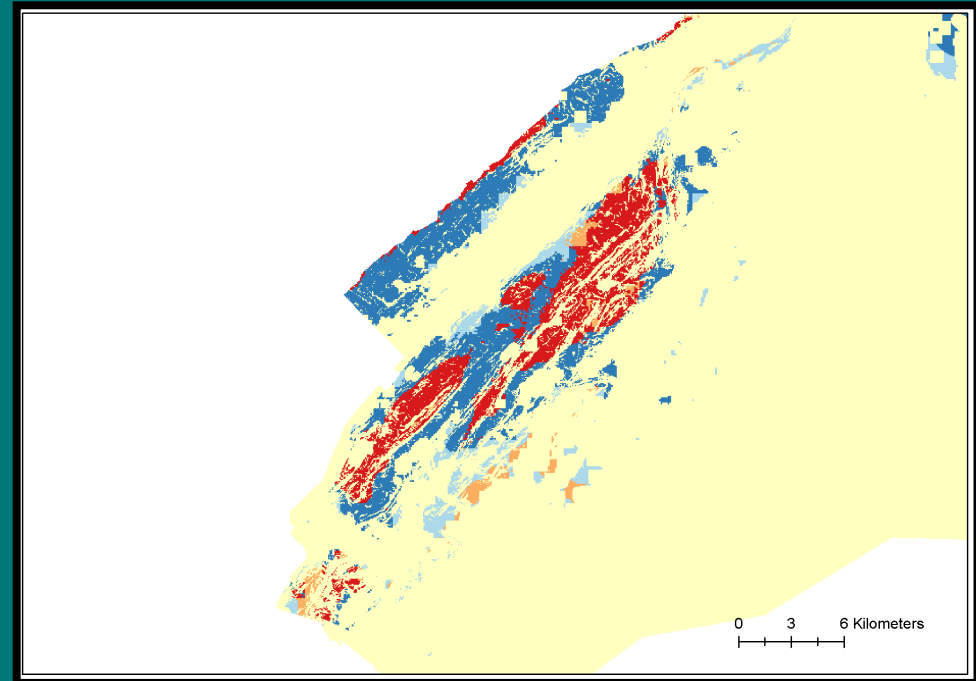
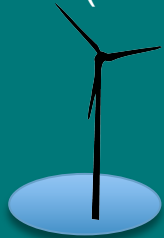
Optimizing site selections



MARXAN

Energy gain

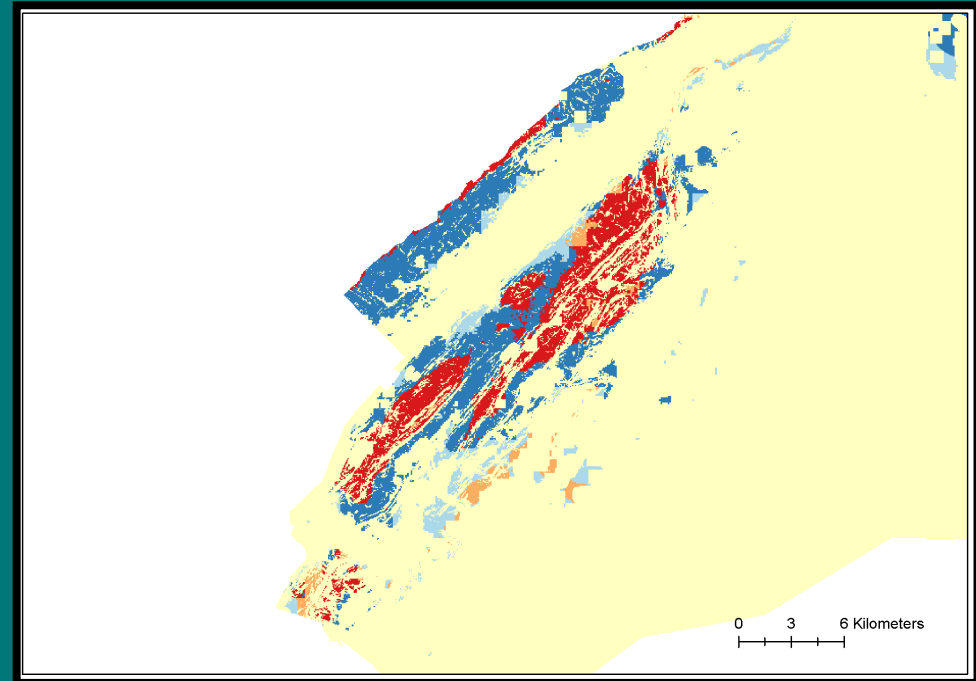
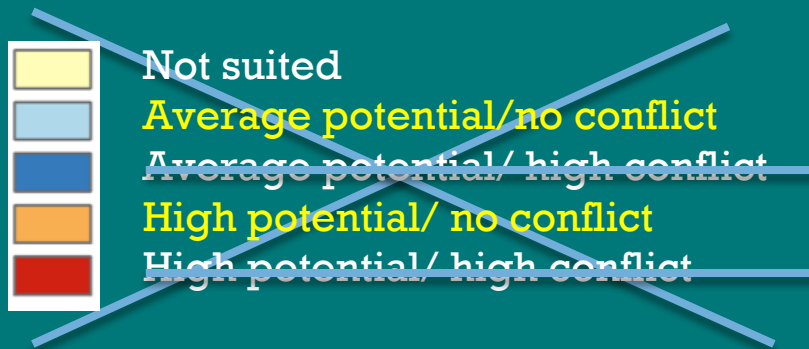
Cost (EGS)



after Kienast et al., 2017

after Egli et al., 2017

Optimizing site selections



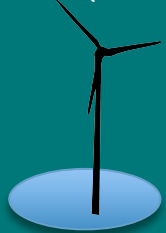
after Kienast et al., 2017

MARXAN

Energy gain



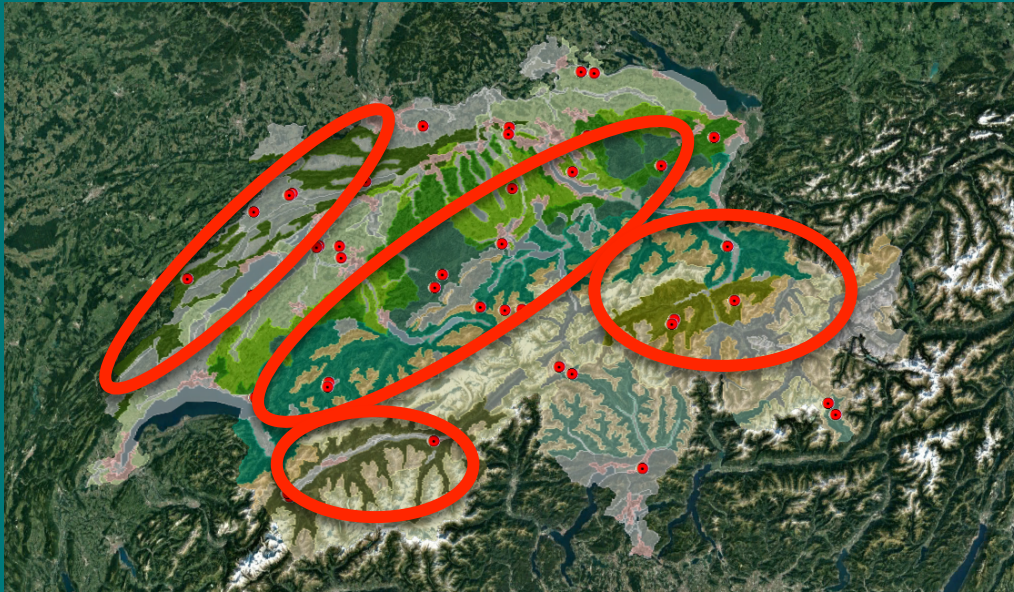
Cost (EGS)



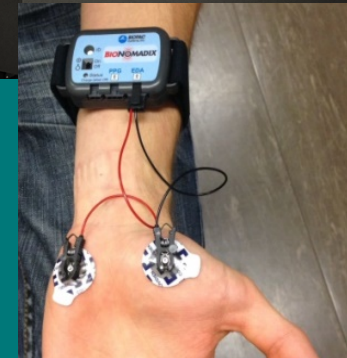
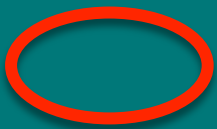
Iterative search for sites with highest gains at lowest cost

- Indispensable sites
- Less sites and a better solution → 13.5% less sites
- difficult to explain to NGOs and policy makers

Improving the fit of renewable energy projects



Expected „energy horse“ areas

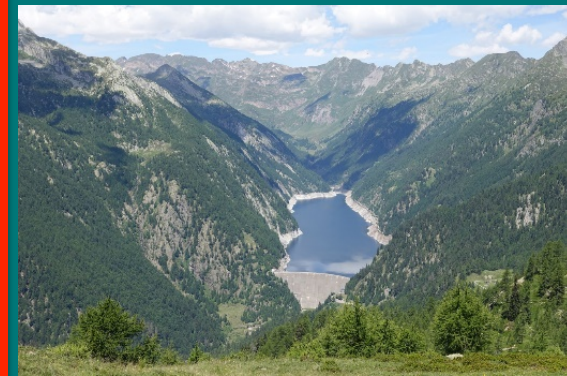


Source: ENERGYSCAPE project:
<https://www.wsl.ch/de/projekte/energyscape.html>



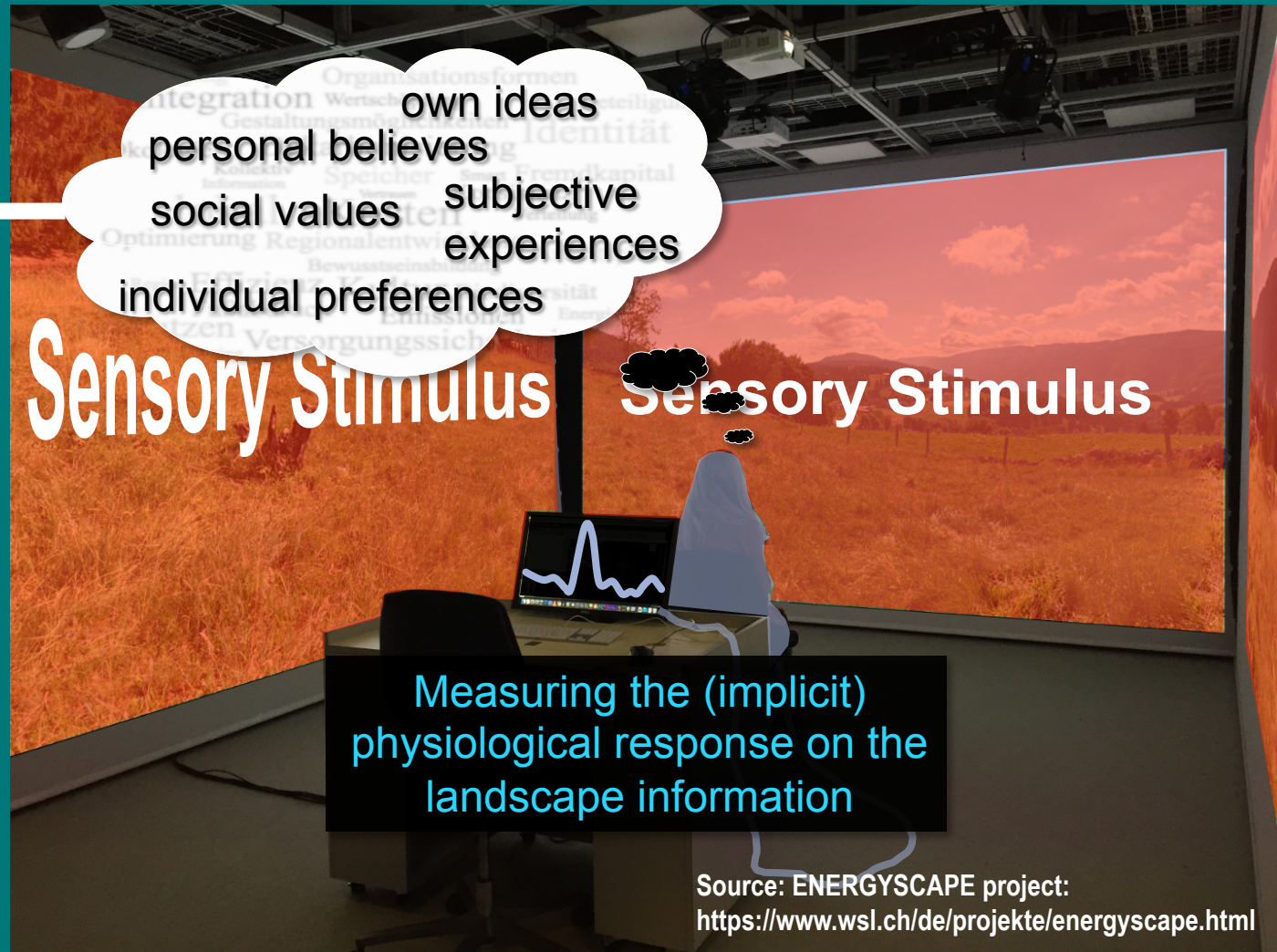
Vistas for the preference study

Source: ENERGYSCAPE project:
<https://www.wsl.ch/de/projekte/energyscape.html>



Laboratory Experiment

Questionnaire
Survey on the
(explicit)
cognitive
response on
landscape
information



Online Panel Survey



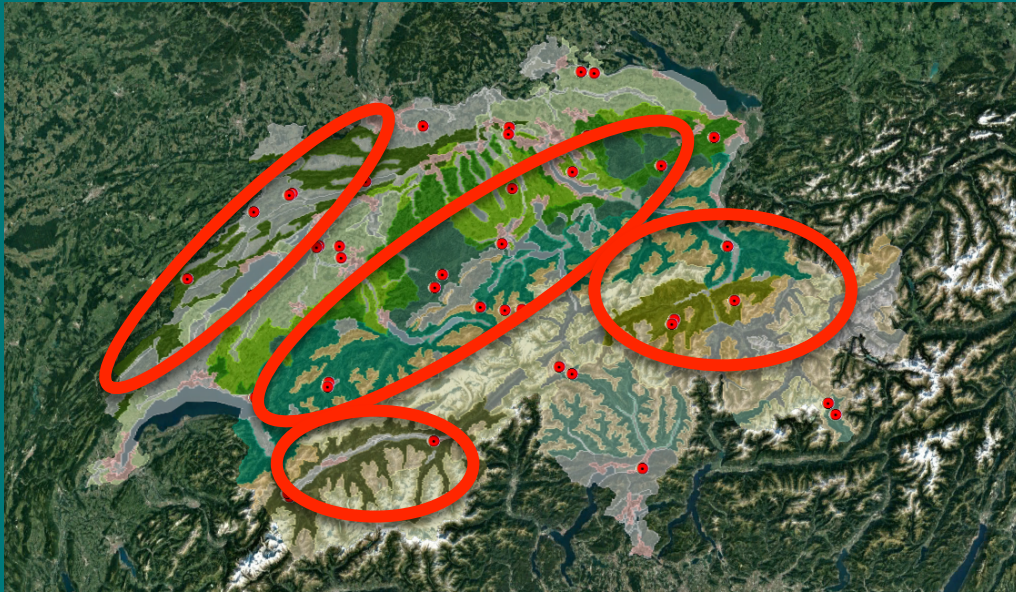
additional knowledge
with selected
information

preference
through
cognitive
evaluation



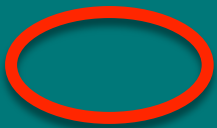
Source: ENERGYSCAPE project:
<https://www.wsl.ch/de/projekte/energyscape.html>

Expected results in a nutshell:



- Region-specific **meanings** of energy infrastructure
- Region-specific **acceptance** of energy infrastructure
- No Go areas

Expected „energy horse“ areas



Source: ENERGYSCAPE project:
<https://www.wsl.ch/de/projekte/energyscape.html>

Take home message...

- ◆ Examples of both a top-down and a participatory planning exercise
- ◆ Reduce NIMBY problem (Devine-Wright, 2009)
- ◆ Evaluate the meanings of renewable energy in landscapes
- ◆ Improving the visual/contextual/meaning fit of renewable energy projects
- ◆ BUT: We are still awaiting evidence that the approach works in the real planning practice



Thank you



ETH zürich

felix kienast et al. / wsl / ch-8903 birmensdorf switzerland